\$1,100,000 TO KEEP LIBRARY DOOR OPEN Training Camp Officer Says

Tentative Budget Appropriations Made by Estimate Board Committee.

FOR MUSEUM \$800,000

Other Items Include Sum of \$87,051,061 for Education in City.

Patting itself upon the back for its liberality, the finance and budget com-littee of the Board of Estimate al-lotted to the New York Public Library \$1,100,000 yesterday in the tentative budget and recommended also that the employees of the Library should get the percentage increases of salary

the percentage increases of salary granted to other city employees. If the tentative appropriations are made permanent the library will be rescued, probably, from the necessity rescued, probably, from the necessity for closing its doors, a necessity which has seemed to the director to be fairly close at hand. The appropriation of \$1,100,000, "which is approximately \$20,000 more than requested by the library trustees on August 1, 1919," the finance committee observes in passing, will include the support of the branch libraries in Manhattan and Richmond.

Increase for Employees.

"The additional amount," it was stated, "is to provide a margin sufficient to meet the increased salaries of library employees. This is on the basis of 20 per cent for those receiving \$1,200 or under, 15 per cent. between \$1,200 and \$1,900 and 10 per cent. from \$1,900 kg. The case of the colors, receive \$1,200 and \$1,900 and 10 per cent. from \$1,900 kg. The case of the case o

For the Metropolitan Museum of Art an appropriation of \$300,000 is recommended, the full amount requested by the trustees. The American Museum of Natural History gets \$295,140, approximately \$20,000 more than was requested for the smployees. The New York Zoological Garden gets \$230,000 for salary increases and other purposes and \$160,000 is recommended for the New York Botanical Garden.

Other recommendations are: Aquarium, \$55,000, the total amount requested; Brooklyn Public Library, \$675,000, \$15,000 more than was requested; Cen-

ed; Brooklyn Fublic Library, \$010,000; \$15,000 more than was requested; Cen-tral Institute of the Brooklyn Museum of Arts and Sciences, \$130,000; Child-ren's Museum in Brooklyn, \$18,500; Brooklyn Botanical Garden, \$65,000; Queens Public Library, \$290,000; Staten Island Museum of Arts and Sciences, Island Museum of Arts and Sciences, \$7,097. These appropriations are to be made subject to the condition that no payment is to be made from the funds except by schedules to be approved by the Board of Estimates and Apportionment, which will carry into effect the increases proposed to be given to the employees of the various institutions.

Money for Education.

The tentative appropriation for the Board of Education was \$87,051,061.26. "This estimate under the requirements of the education law should have been of the education law should have been submitted on Sept. 1, 1919," the committee complains. "The time elapsing after the receipt of the itemized estimate has not been sufficient for full examination and consideration of these items by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and they are therefore included in this tentative budget at the amounts requested to afford an oppor-tunity for public discussion and further examination and revision." The sum requested is \$43,976,457.15 in excess of the amount mandatorily required

the amount mandatorily required.

A million dollars is recommended for dredging Jamaica Bay and otherwise improving the harbor, the money to be used when injunctions by private prop-erty owners which restrain Federal Government, State and city from proceed-ing with the improvement shall have been vacated.

NEWBURGER AIDS NAME COMMITTEE

Vigorous Campaign Planned for Candidate for Bench.

The executive committee of the Inde-The executive committee of the Independent Judiciary Committee met last night for organization in the headquarters at the Hotel Wallick. Bainbridge Colby, who was detained in Washington was named chairman. William M. Chadbourne was selected as treasurer and Levis Thomas Chadbourne was selected as treasurer and Irwin Thomas as executive secretary. From now until election day a vigorous campaign will be waged for the reelection of Justice Joseph E. Newburger to the Supreme Court and Justice Richard H. Smith to the City Court.

Campaign headquarters, which will be in charge of John V. Sheridan, former Tammany Senator in The Bronx, already have been opened in that borough at 149th street and Third avenue. Other headquarters will be opened in the Enst

headquarters will be opened in the East Side and other parts of the district in a

The members of the executive commit-

Walter T. Arndt, Edmund O. Austin, Henry de Forest Baldwin, William H. Brady, P. J. Collins, James A. Donegan, Mrs. Robert E. Duggan, Miss Emma Hubner, James S. Lehmaler, Janet E. Levinson, Dr. John M. Spetnagel, Joseph R. Truesdale, Leonard M. Wallstein, Ed-R. Truescale, Leonard M. Wallstein, Edward J. McGuire, Miss Isabelia M. Pettus, L. J. O'Reilly, George Henry Payne, Nathaniel Phillips, Miss Celia Quinian, William J. Schieffelin, Harry H. Schiact, William F. Schneider, Clarence J. Shearn, John V. Sheridan, Clarence Bishop Smith.

Clarence J. Shearn, William F. Schnei-der and L. J. O'Reilly were named as the responsible campaign committee. Mr. Truesdale was selected as chairman of the speakers' committee and Mr. Schnei-der of the committee on meetings.

ELECTION DECISION SOUGHT.

Early Ruling Promised in Grath-Murphy Cases.

Justice Gavegan promised yesterday to render an early decision on the application made before him in the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus compelling the Board of Elections to place upon the ballots the name of Patrick J. McGrath as candidate for Justice of the Municipal Court Berch in the Sixth Judicial District under the emblem of the Home Rule party and emblem of the Home Rule party and a similar mandamus on behalf of Harry J. Murphy as a candidate for Assem-blyman in the Sixteenth Assembly Dis-

Their names were left off the tickets by the Election Board on the ground that their petitions were defective. When Corporation Counsel Burr suggested that arguments on the case be put over until Thursday next when registration would have been corapleted and the Board of Elections would be able to ascertain how many of the signers of the plaintiffs' petitions had shown their sincerity by registering Samuel F. Hyman, representing McGrath and Murphy, jumped to his feet, exclaiming:

"I never expected to see the day when a public official would make such a proposal Of course these signers will not register as they have been led to believe through false statements given wide publication that the names of the mon to whom they have pledged their support would not be on the ballot."

Justice Gavegan ordered both sides to submit papers.

BAKER AND MARCH'S ENRIGHT ANSWERS

It Has War's Mistakes.

Special Desputch to THE SUN. WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 .- The War Department reorganization bill of Secretary of War Baker and Chief of Staff March was declared "thoroughly unsound and framed to perpetuate our

worst mistakes of the war," by Tompdins Mclivaine, chairman of the Military Training Camps Association of
the United States, before the House
Military Affairs Committee to-day.

"It seems like patchwork and not the
logical development of any practicable
system," he said.

Mr. Mclivaine said that the bill did
not represent the majority opinion of
the most capable men in the War Department; that the standing army of
576,000 men asked is about twice too
large; and that a large standing army
is not only the most expensive system
but it is uneconomic, undemocratic,
impracticable and un-American.

"From the military standpoint; the

impracticable and un-American.

"From the military standpoint; the universal training provisions are valueless because, first, the period of training is too short; second, the young mentrained are not organized territorially, according to the places of residences into a reserve; third, no adequate provision is made for the training of citizens as officers, non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists to act as the leaders of the citizen army, and fourth, no citizens, not even the half-trained young men, can be summoned to the colors or organized into units until after a formal declaration of war," and even then we shall have to wait until, through the slow machinery of the draft law, they can be registered, examined. law, they can be registered, examined, selected, called to the colors, receive ad-ditional training and knit into some or-

TO MOB RAMPAGE

Crowd Attacks Man Who Struck Woman Because She "Insulted" His Mother.

A crowd estimated at between 2,000 and 3,000 men, women and children gathered in front of the tenement house in 1574 Lexington avenue last night in an effort to do violence to Solomor Domowitz, 24 years old, after the report had spread that Domowitz had struck Mrs. Pauline Heinerfield, owner of a small confectionery store in 1572 Lexngton avenue.

Patrolman Petrick and three detectives reached the scene they found the hall-ways filled with men who were pounding at Domowitz's door and trying to break it down.

Petrick and the detectives fought

their way up the stairs and drove the crowd sut of the house and then ar-rested Domowits on a charge of felonious assault. They took him into the street, where the crowd tried to soize him. Failing to accomplish this they began throwing stones and bricks and everything else they could get their hands on. Several of the bricks struck Domowitz and others hit Detectives Bachudo and Ryan, but the detectives managed to drive the crowd back with their clubs and took Domowitz to the their clubs and took Domowitz to the police station. The crowd followed and stood outside the station house for half an hour or so, but finally dispersed.

Domowitz's assault upon Mrs. Heinerfield was the outgrowth of an argument which his mother, Mrs. Esther Domowitz, 65 years old, had had with the woman earlier in the afternoon. Mrs. Heinerfield is also a tenant in 1574, and like most of the others refused to pay a recent increase of \$5 in the rent. Mrs. a recent increase of \$5 in the rent. Mrs. Domowitz, however, paid, and when she went into Mrs. Heinerfield's store yesterday she was accused of aiding the profiteering landlords. A quarrel fol-lowed and when Domowitz came home last night his mother told him that Mrs.

her against the wall and otherwise in-sulted her. Domowitz immediately went into Mrs. Heinerfield's store and asked her about it, and according to the story he told the police she was so insulting that he 'gently hit her." He left her lying on the ficor of her store and then the re-port spread and the crowd began to gather. Dr. Gordon of Harlem Hospital attended Mrs. Heinerfield and sent her

Heinerfield had struck her and pushed

HIST! 'WETS' MAY RUN HASKELL FOR MAYOR

Anti-Saloon Leaguer Warns of Awful Secret Plot.

William H. Anderson, State superin-tendent of the Anti-Saloon League, has scented a deep laid plot and, to use his own language, "passes this on for what it is worth in order that nobody can claim that we falled to give them notice." "We are informed." he says, "we think reliably, from inside Republican political circles, that the whole county judgeship fight of Congressman Reuben L. Haskell is part of a plan, not to say a conspiracy, to bring him spectacularly before the public in order to groom him and have him' in readiness to make the race for Mayor of New York city on a wet or nullification platform next time.

"Of course there is no guarantee that Mr. Haskell might not take it into his head to get action quicker and run for Governor next year instead of waiting until 1921."

"All of which is interesting, ifremarked a politcian who heard the yarn

last night. "Do you know that the people of New York are about fed up on Brooklyn Judges in the Mayor's chair?" said Mr. Anderson in a letter addressed to Repre-sentative Haskell.

Mr. Anderson told Mr. Haskell that if

prohibition was an issue in the primaries it was an issue now. "Are you treading softly now," he added, "for fear that an overdose of publicity will spoil the plans of yourself and your liquor backers, in case you are elected County Judge after defying the Republican organisation, to bluff the Re-publicans into indorsing you as a wet candidate for Mayor of New York city next time and secure your election with

Cammany votes?" Alfonso to Visit on Continent.

MADRID, Oct. 10.—It was announced in political circles to-day that King Alfonso would leave for Paris and London on October 18 or 19. The King will travel under the name of Duke of Toledo, and will not be accompanied either by Queen Victoria or any of his ministers. It is stated, however, that the King may drop his incognite on the



THE CITIZENS UNION

Police Commissioner Says Crime Has Decreased and Cites Statistics.

SENDS LETTER TO HYLAN

Mayor, Replying, Tells Him to Pay No Attention to Fault Finders.

Commissioner Enright's answer charges published Monday by the Citizens Union are contained in a letter o Mayor Hylan made public by the Commissioner yesterday. In reply the Mayor told Mr. Enright to "pay no atention to the Citizens Union."

The gist of the Union's attack was that "the appailing number of highway robberies, burgiaries and homicides" in ecent months proves that the Police Department, "as now administered is lemoralized and inefficient."

Commissioner Enright counters with figures intended to prove that crime has decreased and that the proportion of arrests is steadily growing.

The letter of Commissioner Enright, dated October & follows: My dear Mr. Mayor:

.. 10,836 7,138 18,141 8,792 "The total figures for the same class of crimes for the first eight months of 1919, as compared with the first eight months of 1917, is entirely to the credit

Denies Union's Charges. "Not only has there been a decrease, but a larger number of arrests have been made in proportion to the number of crimes. But this record, in the opinion of the Citizens Union, seems to consti-

| First Eight Months of 1919. | 1917. | 1918. | 1918. | 1917. | 1917. | 1918. | 1919. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. | 1917. 7,898 6,184 9,570 6,089

"In the face of these facts the Citisens Union and a number of newspapers in this city have for some time been carrying on a propaganda in a desperate effort to destroy confidence in this department and break down the morale of the police force. These malicious and unjust attacks at a time when, with a much depleted force, the department is straindepleted force, the department is strain-ing every nerve to meet the extraordinary conditions connected with and succeed-ing the world war are almost criminal, especially when several felons, brought to headquarters charged with serious crimes, have testified under oath that they were incited to commit crime in this city because of these grossly exaggerated statements, which have led them to be-lieve that crime could be perpetrated in this city with little fear of detection

"The last administration in a period of two years and a haif reinstated a total of thirty-five men who were previously dismissed from the department. This administration has reinstated thirty men under the same law and reliner. men under the same law and rulings and for substantially the same reasons as men were reinstated by the last administration. All of the applications for reinstatement presented to this administration were first reviewed by the executive board, and upon their recommendation a rehearing was granted or mendation a rehearing was granted or

This is Mayor Hylan's reply, dated "DEAR COMMISSIONER: As I told you "DEAR COMMISSIONER: As I told you some time ago, pay no attention to the Citizens Union, as it is composed of three men, William J. Schieffelin, who is a so-called reformer and who is connected with Schieffelin & Co., wholesale nected with Schieffelin & Co., wholesale dealers in drugs, which company's record in part can be found in the Federal court; Walistein, a lawyer, who was formerly Commissioner of Accounts and who did nothing for the people while on the pay roll of the city, and a Mr. Arndt, secretary, who is their official

"The Citizens Union makes it a busi-"The Citizens Union makes it a business to criticiae officials in public office, particularly Democrats. Youker, one of its members, a former Assemblyman from Brooklyn, voted last year for a bill which had for its purpose an increase in fare. This same Citizens Union is in favor of an increased fare for the traction interests of the city, and in creased for the contraction interests of the city. and is criticising my administration be-cause I am opposed to the traction in-terests taking millions of dollars out of the pockets of the people.
"Neither the Citisens Union nor its traction subscribers can force this ad-ministration to favor an increased fare."

Leanner M. Wellstein connect to the

Leonard M. Wallstein, counsel to the good government committee of the Citizens Union, said last night:

"Mr. Enright's crime statistics during his own administration will convince no one, because they are based on loose card entries made under cover of a policy which suppresses as far as nonpolicy which suppresses so far as pos-sible all news of crime.

men, district leaders and minor politi-cians concurred in his wishes and added their influence to obtain the desired re-suit. The Police Commissioner says that practically all of these men were per-sonally unknown to him. That may be, but many of them were very well known to others who were very well known to the Commissioner.

TELLER IS ACCUSED OF BANK SHORTAGE

Union Hill First National Checking Up Accounts.

As a result of the discovery of arge shortage, fully covered by surety bonds, in the accounts of the First Na-tional Bank at Union Hill, N. J., it be-came known yesterday that warrants had been issued for the arrest of Adolph Klingenstein, a teller, and John Squier, formerly employed in the bank. Squier was arraigned yesterday in Hoboken be-fore Edward R. Stanton, United States Commissioner Klingenstein who were

fore Bdward R. Stanton, United States Commissioner. Kilngenstein, who was severely hurt recently in an automobile accident, is confined to his home, 138 Third street, Union Hill.

According to reports, which could not be verified last night, the shortage amounts to \$150,000. Commissioner Stanton said Squier told him that \$50,000 or \$60,000 apparently was unaccounted for. Squier said he would prepare a schedule showing the disposition of the money. He was held in \$50,000 bail for examination before the commissioner on Tuesday. nissioner on Tuesday.

The warrants were obtained from United States Commissioner Mooney in Newark on Thursday at the request of representatives of a surety company, Federal examiners went to work on the books as soon as a discrepancy was suspected, and are still at it. Officers of the bank say the examination proves that the institution is in first rate condition except for a shortage whose amount they do not know at present and which will be made good by bonding companies, said to be the National and

merican surety companies.

The condition of the accounts is said to have been discovered by one of the employees in the absence of one of the regular tellers.

JUSTICE RICHARDS RESIGNS.

Successor. Justice Edward A. Richards of the Seventh Municipal Court District, Brooklyn, has sent his resignation to Mayor Hylan to take effect the day af-ter election. He is leaving the bench because of his election as president of the East Side Savings Bank. At the same time he is organizing a new law

firm.

The resignation of Justice Richards is deliberately timed, as he himself actinowiedges, so that his successor cannot be elected this fall, and Mayor Hynot be elected this fall, and Mayor Hyian will have a chance to appoint a man
to serve a year. He suggests that it
would be better to have the voters of
the district look around and decide on a
suitable candidate for election a year
hence. Justice Richards, who is a
Democrat, is serving the second year of
his second term.

Cornell University, says that he has
been indorsing the League of Nations, in
public speeches and writing ever since
President Wilson returned from Paris
with the covenant, although he has insisted "on modifications protecting American interest." "Accordingly," he writes,
"I now emphatically indorse your open
letter to Senator Hitchcock."

URGE HITCHCOCK TO RATIFY, BUT QUALIFY

Prominent Persons Back Open Letter on Treaty to Senator in the "Review."

An open letter to Senator Hitchco rging the immediate ratification of the peace treaty and declaring that it "cannot be ratified unless the act of ratification embodies reservations safeguarding our country in certain matters of vital concern to its permanent welfare," is contained in the issues of The Review which is published to-day.

"To such reservations, drawn in so moderate a form that the acquiescence of the other powers of the world may be counted on as a certainty, a strong group of Republican Senators have long been committed," says the letter. "The

been committed," says the letter. "The President has himself unequivocally expressed his approval of their substance. His opposition is only to their being embodied in the act of ratification."

John G. Milburn says he is in favor of ratification of the treaty as it stands. "At the same time," he goes on, "if interpretative reservations are deemed necessary to secure ratification, I am in favor of any such reservations to the extent that they do not require submission is the other powers for their

necessary to secure ratification, I am in favor of any such reservations to the extent that they do not require submission to the other powers for their approval."

Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, writes:

"The overwhelming sentiment of the country is that no action should be taken, particularly no action with a view to purely partisan advantage, that would send the treaty back to Paris and reopen international negotiations as to its terms. Senator Hitchcock and Senator Williams, both of whom are patrictle men of large public experience, must understand these facts."

"Considering conditions here and abroad," says Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, "I favor immediate ratification of the treaty with rational reservations consistent with our Constitution and national policies and protective of the ideals and sense of honor and humanity that made us partner in the war for worldwide liberty founded on law and order."

Full approval of the letter is expressed by E. H. Outerbridge, president of the New York State Chamber of Commerce, who adds that he is "strong for explicit reservations, but believes reasonable compromise is imperative and

merce, who adds that he is "strong for explicit reservations, but believes reasonable compromise is imperative and prompt action is desperately needed."

Jacob Gould Sherman, president of Cornell University, says that he has been indorsing the League of Nations, in public speeches and writing ever since President Wilson returned from Paris with the coverned attempts to the coverned of the paris with the coverned attempts.

Women of New York REGISTER TODAY!

It's Your Last Chance!

IF YOU HAVE NOT REGISTERED AL-READY, and do not do so to-day, you cannot vote for the re-election of

Supreme Court Justice JOSEPH E. NEWBURGER

Turned Down for Renomination by Political Bosses

Twenty-eight years on the bench-able, fearless and upright.

AND

City Court Judge RICHARD H. SMITH

Turned Down for Renomination by Political Bosses

Ten years on the bench—clean, independent, capable.

WOMEN VOTERS!

How can you expect the United States Constitutional Amendment to be ratified if you do not show enough interest to register for the coming election?

Shall the self-respecting men and women voters of New York County and Bronx County tamely submit to the arrogant setting aside of these INDEPENDENT JUDGES at a political bosses' round table?

If you want New York County and Bronx County to answer NO on November 4th, then put your name on the registry list before 10:30 o'clock to-night.

No red-blooded New Yorker, man or woman, should be willing to have his or her voice as a citizen count as a cipher when such an issue is raised.

Never was a more vital principle at stake.

Never was it more squarely up to the voters of this city to say whether they will permit their courts to be made the PAWNS OF POLITICS.

Never was it more squarely up to the voting man and woman of Manhattan and the Bronx to say whether they will permit fearless and upright Justices, endorsed by the Bar Association and by the overwhelming verdict of public and press, to be thrown aside at the will of politicians.

If you condemn this arrogance of the bosses. then make your condemnation effective by qualifying to-day to vote against it on Election Day, Tuesday, November 4.

Let no neglect or lukewarm interest to-day give you cause to feel ashamed on Election

The first thing after breakfast this morning go to the Registry Board nearest your home

REGISTER!

Then after you have registered, keep it in your minds as self-respecting men and women to raise your voice, whenever you have an opportunity, in favor of the re-election of

JUSTICES NEWBURGER and SMITH

and also show an interest in the work by calling at our Headquarters, making suggestions and doing everything you can to co-operate with us in this important matter.

Registration books open to-day from 7 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.

Independent Non-Partisan Judiciary Committee, HOTEL WALLICK, BROADWAY AT 43D STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Will Gompers Kill Red Leadership in Labor's Ranks

As many observers see it, the calling of the steel strike at this time reveals the purpose of certain revolutionary radicals to wrest control of the American Federation of Labor from the hands of Mr. Gompers and the other moderate-minded leaders and place the Reds in the saddle, thus making it "the first gun of the industrial revolution." Senator Kenyon declares that the strike is the "first skirmish in an industrial war in the United States" and the New York Times agrees that "it is industrial war in which the leaders are radicals, social and industrial revolutionaries, while their followers are chiefly the foreign element among the steel workers, steeped in the doctrines of the class struggle and social overthrow, ignorant and easily misled." "The authority and leadership of Mr. Gompers are at stake in this strike," adds the New York Times; "He has no liking for the revolutionary element in labor; for years he has fought against it; he has known the radicals were all the time seeking to destroy him." On the other hand, Mr. Gompers, himself, defends William Z. Foster, who is said to be "the brains of the whole campaign to unionize the steel industry" and a Radical.

Don't miss reading THE LITERARY DIGEST this week-October 11th-for the news of the great steel strike, with its complete presentation of all shades of public opinion.

Other striking news articles in this number are:

Where D'Annunzio Lands Italy

An Article Comprising Translations from Italian Newspapers, Showing the State of Feeling in Italy Over the Fiume Situation

The Threat to Withdraw The Treaty Wilson vs. D'Annunzio Japan's "Pan-Asian Dream" Turkish Anxiety for the Future Czecho-Slovakia's Neighbors Texas as the "Home of Helium" Bridges Under Water Why a Dye Dyes Will the "Flu" Return?

What Starts the Forest-Fires? The Art of Old Doorways Australian Short Stories and Others Getting on With John Bull New York's New Bishop The Mission of the Vatican Choir The Religious Use of Humor Best of the Current Poetry Trade Facts from All Over the World Roumanians in the United States Personal Glimpses of Men and Events Numerous Illustrations Including the Best of the Humorous Cartoons

"The Digest" a Beacon to Puzzled News-Seekers

rocks that beset the coasts of the world, many a ship would be lost but for the guiding flare of the lights that the ingenuity of man has placed everywhere for the service of sailors. For the bewildered citizen

In the darkness of night, amid the quicksands and rocks that beset the coasts of the world, many a ship would be lost but for the guiding flare of the lights | LITERARY DIGEST. This great news-magazine, that the ingenuity of man has placed everywhere for the service of sailors. For the bewildered citizen battling in the deep waters of politics in these dark days of world-wide storm and stress, urged hither and thither by the thousand contrary currents of shifting

October 11th Number on Sale To-day-All News-dealers-10 cents



FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK